

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

Frederick Douglas has resigned as minister to Haiti.

The territorial board of equalization is in session at Phoenix.

Constitution-makers are already commencing to arrive at Phoenix.

Judge Hoffman, of the United States district court of San Francisco, is dead.

A hot wave has prevailed in the east for several days, and a number of deaths have occurred.

The Cocopah Indians predict another earthquake in the vicinity of Yuma and the lower Colorado country.

The government will increase the number of ships in the Asiatic squadron by sending several more warships there.

P. Minor, has been held under \$1,000 bonds to answer the charge lodged against him in connection with his shooting scrape with Lawyer Humphries.

A Chicago savings building and loan association has collapsed and its officers have come to grief, being under arrest. It is said to have been a swindling concern.

The Pacific mail steamship Panama was refused clearance papers at La Libertad, Salvador, on account of the refusal of the captain to surrender five refugees on board the steamer.

There is still blood on the moon, as viewed from Phoenix. The Republican states that a prominent attorney of that place recently challenged an equally prominent physician to fight a duel.

No wonder Phoenix is so prolific in scandals. The Phoenix papers state that when the society young men of the town go out riding with their best girls they take a load of beer and ice along to treat them with.

The mayor and city council of Kansas City, Kansas, had a narrow escape recently from being lynched by irate citizens on account of the official action of the former in a proposition to purchase an electric light plant at an exorbitant price.

Employees of the A. & P. railroad are taking an active interest in the coming reception for their beloved chief, D. B. Robinson, says the Albuquerque Democrat. It is said that among other attractive and beautiful features will be a carload of flowers from California.

Frank Melbourne, the "Rain King," has met with another failure at Canton, Ohio. Twice before have his efforts been unsuccessful, and on Tuesday, August 11, was his third failure in bringing rain. It has shaken the faith of the people. Instead of raining on the latter date the heat was almost unbearable.

Georgia's governor has signed the bill to prohibit the sale of liquor within three miles of any church or school except in incorporated cities. This means prohibition in Georgia, as either schools or churches exist almost every three miles, and where they do not exist cheap structures will be erected at once.

It is reported that a few days ago a young farmer named Edwards, while ploughing near Sutherland Springs, Texas, unearthed an iron pot containing gold doubloons amounting to \$17,000. There has long been a tradition in the Sutherland Springs neighborhood that Santa Ana buried treasure there on his retreat after his defeat at the battle of San Jacinto in the Texas war of independence, and various searchers have hunted for it.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish a reply from Mr. D. J. Sullivan to a card which appeared in this paper in the issue of Saturday. Apropos of it the JOURNAL-MINER will add that the subject in controversy has been passed on by three different judges of the district court, and by juries in the district court, and in every instance the verdict has been in favor of Mr. Sullivan, without any hesitation or dissenting vote, from which it may be readily seen that his actions have been characterized not only by fairness, and honesty of purpose, but by a leniency seldom accorded in such cases. Such publicity has been given this case, by the numerous hearings, which have been had in it, that this statement seems to be due Mr. Sullivan, to correct any false impressions that may have been formed concerning it.

It is announced that the democrats have decided to organize a missionary club of fifteen of the leading democratic orators of New York connected with the National Association who will go to Chicago on September 12. After a short stop there, a complete circuit of the Northwest will be made for the purpose of organizing unorganized states. Among the speakers will be several candidates for the speaker-ship. Correspondents have been appointed in every county in the United States. Each county will be assessed \$10 for the support of the order and propagation of the Democratic doctrine through sub-organizations. The great moguls of the party are not unanimous in regard to what they will instruct these missionaries to say. They had a heated debate upon the silver question, the committee being divided on that point. It was decided that the tariff would be made the leading feature in the South and West.

## MR. BEVANS FAILS TO MAKE A CASE.

The JOURNAL-MINER, a few days since, briefly mentioned the fact that a charge of perjury had been lodged against C. E. Cooley, that the complaining witness was Col. S. B. Bevans, and that the charge grew out of the recent trial of Bevans on a charge of having accepted bribes. The paper did not add its belief that the charge was prompted by malice, for the reason that it preferred to allow a judicial examination before expressing such an opinion. Mr. Cooley appeared before Court Commissioner McGrew, on Monday morning, for examination, and that officer held him to answer to the grand jury, which was then in session. On an investigation of the case by that body the charge was promptly and unanimously ignored, there not being a single vote in favor of finding a bill, which goes to show very conclusively that there was absolutely nothing in the charge, and the motive which prompted the action can be judged best by each individual reader.

An assertion to the effect that, when the charge was preferred, it was not expected that it would become the subject of investigation by a grand jury so soon, but that it would be permitted to hang over Mr. Cooley's head until the next term of court, is probably not susceptible of proof, but certainly the circumstances warrant such a presumption. However, on being informed of the charge, United States Attorney Wilson immediately argued that it would be cheaper for the government to impanel a grand jury for a couple of days than it would be to pay the fare and expenses of the complaining witness from Oklahoma to Prescott at some future time, and he immediately made application for a grand jury. By doing so he has saved the government fully two-thirds of what it would have cost to have permitted the charge to rest for investigation by a future grand jury.

By the unanimous action of the grand jury in ignoring the bill, Mr. Cooley comes out unscathed, as everyone acquainted with him believed he would. He has lived in Arizona ever since its first settlement and has always borne the reputation of being an honorable and honest citizen.

The blundering stupidity of the democratic legislature of last winter, in failing to make an appropriation for the payment of members of the constitutional convention, promises to defeat the object of the bill providing for holding the convention. As the law stands no provision is made for the payment of the constitution-makers. The act specifies what members shall receive but fails to make the appropriation necessary for the payment of salaries of members and other expenses of the convention. As the salaries are insignificant at best the prospect of going to the capital city and drafting a constitution and then waiting until the meeting of the legislature in 1893 for the payment, and take the chances that even then no appropriation may be made is not a very inviting or inspiring one. The consequence is that a number of members have signified their intention of remaining away from the convention, as they are not willing to work for their board for the territory and then be compelled to wait two years to draw this pittance. The territory would be none the loser if all the members should adopt this course as it will be time enough to hold a constitutional convention when congress passes an enabling act and provides for the payment of holding the convention.

## The Manager.

There has been a good deal of talk in all the papers about who is to succeed Mr. Robinson as general manager of the Atlantic & Pacific, and the subject is one that immediately concerns the people of Albuquerque, since we are more directly interested in the matter than any other community. We have come to recognize the Atlantic & Pacific as our road, and very properly, too, because this has always been its headquarters, and the only big town on the line. But whoever may succeed to the management we may rest assured that nothing will be done to the injury of Albuquerque, because the returns, from year to year, have shown such a rapid and regular increase of business here that it is to the interest of the company to do whatever it can to foster and encourage the trade of this point. Railroads are not governed by the personal likes or dislikes of officials, but by business considerations, and experience has shown the Atlantic & Pacific people that it would not be "business" to do anything to injure the interests of Albuquerque.

The most plausible opinion in regard to the future management of the road is that it will be in the hands of Mr. A. A. Robinson, second vice-president and general manager of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe. The Atlantic & Pacific is now a part of that system, and there are very many and strong arguments in favor of having the entire system under one management, but the talk about putting the line under the charge of the manager or superintendent of the Southern California company, it seems to us, is entirely without any good foundation. To put the Southern California under the charge of Atlantic & Pacific officials, would be entirely reasonable, but to reverse the order and make the Atlantic & Pacific officials an annex to Southern California, would be a very striking case of the tail wagging the dog. But whatever the outcome of the matter may be, Albuquerque has nothing to fear; of course, we would much prefer to have the road under the charge of a man friendly to our interests, rather than one unfriendly or indifferent, but whatever the disposition of the new manager may be we may rest assured that no policy will be adopted that will injure Albuquerque, because the said road has a greater interest in the growth and prosperity of the town than any individual in it.

and railroads can always be relied upon to look out for their own interests.

If, as we believe it will, the road passes into the management of the general manager of the Santa Fe system, it will be under the control of one who is entirely friendly to Albuquerque and who has full faith in the future of this place, and the superintendent to be put in immediate charge of the line will probably be one of our own citizens, who can always be relied upon to do anything for the interest of the town not inconsistent with the interests of the company.—Albuquerque Citizen.

## THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Some Pertinent Suggestions From Miss Lovell in regard to Arizona's Exhibit.

TECSON, Arizona, August 10, 1891.—I wish to present a proposition to your readers, through the medium of your valuable paper, relative to an exhibition of our resources at the World's Fair.

It has occurred to me, a panorama, painted with Arizona scenery, would present our resources in a novel way. This is a great territory, our resources are varied and unlimited. From north to south, east to west, with the portrayal of the pre-historic features, principal mines, our fertile valleys, rugged canyons and precipitous mountains, our thriving towns, broad fields under cultivation, aboriginal life, the various tribes of Indians and their settlements, the flora and fauna, the immense pine forests and native woods and grasses, in fact all the interesting features of our vast domain, from the Grand Canyon of the Colorado to the Mexican boundary line, arranged in a panoramic view would not only place our resources before the world figuratively, but strangers would gain a better understanding of our environment. The panorama, at thirty feet high, if square, 150 feet to the sides, if circular, 400 feet in circumference. From the aerial perspective the far distant hills and atmospheric effects to the immediate foreground and objects painted in bold relief, a wide range of subjects foreground for instance, painted with objects, fac-simile to those exhibited, namely, cacti in the foreground, the sahara, the yucca, mesquite and more diminutive specimens painted in bold relief and met by implanted soil, embedded with specimens of the cacti family and rocks and the outlines of our fabulous plains. This idea carried out throughout the entire panorama would not only place the bulky exhibits to good advantage, but illustrate their natural positions on their native beach. While the spaces in the center of the inclosure could be reserved for the exhibition of our fruit, agricultural display, polished woods, choice minerals, manufactures, etc., and perhaps Indians making their wares.

The arrangement of details and actual work involved in painting the panorama can hardly be conceived within the minds of those who are not interested especially in the work. Without going into details I will say. Some such plan as the following, if the people are in favor of the proposition would be perfectly fair to the people, the work to be systematically arranged, the whole divided by indicated counties, and up to a certain standard within a given time, at such times say quarterly, examined by a committee arranged for that purpose. And to arrange if the end we would all desire if the people are in favor of the proposition, namely, a complete, comprehensive and well executed portrayal and finish, it would require my unceasing efforts. Therefore, I hope you will give the matter your earliest consideration.

LAURETTE LOVELL,

Lady Manager.

Indian O'Zosh was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and to serve a term of three years in the prison at San Quentin, yesterday, for selling whisky to Indians, was given forty days in Yuma.

## A Good Suggestion.

PRESCOTT, Arizona, August 18.—[Editor JOURNAL-MINER.]—Allow me to say to the women of Yavapai county, through your excellent paper, that in compliance with a suggestion of the Executive committee of the National Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Exposition, which is to meet in the city of Chicago on the first of May, 1893, and end October 30th, 1893, it has been deemed proper to urge upon all women, especially wage earners, the necessity of adopting some systematic plan of laying aside a small sum of money each week, in order that by the year 1893 a sufficient amount may be saved, by each, to enable her to visit the Columbian Exposition.

Cheap fares will be secured from every railroad in the United States. Cheap and comfortable boarding places in Chicago will be obtained for those who wish to secure such, a woman's bureau of information will be organized for this express purpose, and the best possible facilities will be furnished for seeing the most at the least possible expense, thus putting it within the power of almost all industrious persons to spend, at least, a few days at the great fair.

Some of the states and territories are urging their teachers to set aside an hour or more each week, during the pendency of the fair, for special talks on American history, the voyages of Columbus, Queen Isabella's interest in his expeditions, etc., in order that the young and rising may have an intelligent appreciation of the grandeur and magnificence, as well as the significance of this, the greatest exhibition of the world's progress that has ever been held, or attempted, in this or any other country.

Mrs. T. J. BETLER,

Lady Manager for Northern Arizona.

Grand Jury Report.

The grand jury submitted its final report this afternoon and was discharged. The following is the report:

In the District Court, of the Fourth Judicial district, of the territory of Arizona, To the Hon. Edmund W. Wells, judge of said district.

Sir:—We, the United States grand jury, impaneled on the 17th day of August, 1891, during the July term of said district court, respectfully submit this, our final report.

We have examined four cases. Two cases of adultery in both of which indictments were found. Two cases of perjury; one charge being against C. E. Cooley, wherein S. B. Bevans is complainant, which was soveridly a case of malicious prosecution that it was dismissed by a unanimous vote. In the other indictment was found.

In the matter of ten cases under the Edmunds act, which was referred to us by the former grand jury, we were unable to consider them for want of time. We therefore refer them for a careful consideration to the United States grand jury for the next term of the United States court.

Respectfully submitted,

WILBUR L. LEWIS, Foreman.

Friday's Rain Storm.

The rain storm of Friday noon was one of the heaviest that ever visited this section. Only one edge of it reached town, and while it rained heavily in west Prescott and as far east as the plaza, in east Prescott there was only a slight sprinkle, not sufficient to start the water in the streets. In the vicinity of Indian creek, south of town, the road is reported to have been washed out for two or three miles, while the water in the Hassayampa is reported to have been very high. The approach to the bridge south of town is also reported to have been washed away again. A freighter in attempting to cross Willow creek about four miles west of town was caught by the rushing torrent and had to jump off his wagon to save himself from being drowned. His wagon was overturned by the force of the water. The railroad boys stated that when the train crossed Willow creek bridge coming in yesterday, the water was nearly up to the bridge. There was also a very heavy rainfall in the vicinity of Granite mountain.

## In Memoriam.

The following resolutions, in honor of the memory of Ex-Chief Justice C. G. W. French, were adopted by the Bar, at to-day's session of the Court, and were ordered spread on the minutes:

"We the Committee, members of the Prescott Bar, appointed by His Honor E. W. Wells, Judge of this Court, to draft resolutions concerning the recent death of Hon. Charles G. W. French, report as follows:

That, in the death of Judge French, this Bar realizes that one of the most incorruptible of men, one of the purest of Judges and most learned of jurists that ever adorned the Supreme Bench of Arizona has gone from us.

Judge French was born in Massachusetts and belonged to the old school of men, who in their education were taught that integrity was better than gold. An honored graduate of Brown University, he ever held in fond memory his beloved Alma Mater. He was a man of profound learning, of extensive reading, and of very wide range of general knowledge; affable, yet at times seemingly austere in his erudition; positive, yet conservative in his religious and political convictions; he was nevertheless constant in his personal friendship and absolutely immovable in his individual adherences; and

Whereas, He led upon the Bench such a pure life, and death challenges for his character the respect and admiration of all honest men, therefore, be it resolved:

1st. That in the death of Charles G. W. French the country has lost an experienced jurist, a ripe scholar and an honest man.

2d. That he was a faithful friend of Arizona, who believed in her great future, and in his death the people of Arizona have lost a friend ever true to her best interests.

3d. That we sincerely deplore his loss, and commingle with his numerous friends our sorrow at his summons from them to eternity.

4th. That these Resolutions be spread upon the records of this Court, and as a mark of respect to his memory this Court do adjourn.

J. H. HAWKINS,

JAS. H. WRIGHT,

L. F. EGGERS,

JOHN HOWARD,

HARRIS BALDWIN,

CORRIGATORS.

Prescott, Ariz., Aug. 18, 1891."

CON

STIPATION.

Affairs half the American people yet there is only one preparation of Sarsaparilla that acts on the bowels and reaches the important trouble, and that is Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. It relieves it in 24 hours, and an occasional dose prevents return. We refer by permission to C. E. Elkington, 125 Leavenworth Avenue, San Francisco; J. H. Brown, Petaluma; H. S. Wins, Geary Court, San Francisco, and hundreds of others who have used it in constipation. One letter is a sample of hundreds. Elkington, writes: "I have been for years subject to bilious headaches and constipation. Have been so bad for a year back have had to take a physic every other night or else I would have a headache. After taking one bottle of J. V. S. I am in splendid shape. It has done wonderful things for me. People similarly troubled should try it and be convinced."

NOTWITHSTANDING the effect of the recent fire, I am still in business at the old stand.

Single and Double Buggies for Hire.

Also First-Class Saddle Horses.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Prices Reasonable.

PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

For Sale by W. W. Ross, Local Agent, Prescott, Arizona.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease, by the use of thousands of cures of the most kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed so strong is my faith in a remedy, that I will send two BOTTLES FREE, a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer who will send me his Name and P. O. address. W. A. Slocum, Box 181 Pearl St. N. Y.

Notice to Settle.

PARTIES indebted to me are requested to call and settle their accounts. We need money to develop our mines and pay our debts, and wish an early settlement. GEO. W. KINES, Prescott, July 24, 1891.

## PROPOSALS FOR Gross Beef and Flour!

U. S. INDIAN SERVICE, HERBERT WELSH INSTITUTE, FORT MOHAVE, ARIZ., August 13, 1891.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "PROPOSALS FOR GROSS BEEF AND FLOUR," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned at FORT MOHAVE, ARIZONA, will be received at this office until 1 o'clock p. m. of TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1891, for furnishing and delivering at KINGMAN, ARIZONA, (for Hualapai Indians), as required, 10,000 pounds of beef, and 100,000 pounds of gross beef.

Beef cattle must be good merchantable, and all offered under any contract will be subject to rigid inspection. The cattle to be furnished must be steers and cows, (no bulls or stags) not over seven years of age, and must average not less than 750 pounds gross, each delivery from MAY 1st to DECEMBER 1st; and not less than 700 pounds gross, from DECEMBER 1st to MAY 1st; no animal to weigh less than 600 pounds, and no animal shall be received that will not weigh at least 45 percentum of the gross weight. The price must be figured gross, but for all cows delivered under any contract a discount of twenty (20) per centum from the proposed price will be made, and not more than one-fourth of the cattle offered and accepted at any one delivery must be cows.

Flour must be what is known as "Straight, Fall Stock," of good, sound wheat, grown in the section of country contiguous to the place of delivery—40 pounds of wheat to be ground down to 22 pounds of flour, no patents taken out—and delivered in extra strong single cotton sacks to weigh eight ounces to the yard; said sacks to be of about 100 pounds capacity. Contractors will be required to plainly stamp their names on each sack. Samples of not less than 10 pounds must be furnished by bidders. Bidders will be required to state specifically in their bids the proposed price for each article offered for delivery under contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, or any part of any bid, if deemed for the best interests of the service.

CERTIFIED CHECKS.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States Depository, or solvent National Bank in the vicinity of the residence of the bidder, payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for at least FIVE PER CENT. of the amount of the proposed price of the contract, or draft will be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fail to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder. Bids accompanied by cash in lieu of a certified check, will not be considered. For further information apply to

S. M. McDOWAN, Superintendent.

(alib3w)

## Classified Notices.

DRESSMAKING

MISS M. CARR has opened a new dress-making and millinery store, one door north of the postoffice. She has on hand a full stock of the very latest styles of all kinds of millinery goods, and invites the ladies to call and examine her goods.

FINANCIAL.

OTTO buys gold dust, old jewelry, scrap gold and silver. Office—First door east of KATZNER'S saloon, Prescott.

ROOMS TO LET.

A NICELY furnished room. Apply to Mrs. A. A. BUCKNER, corner Willis and Granite Sts.

FOR SALE.

PIANO, BUGGY, LADIES' WRITING DESK, various other articles for sale cheap. Apply at the JOURNAL-MINER office.

A T. A. bargain. Ranch of 120 acres, known as A. the Clark ranch in Upper Williamson Valley. Enquire of Bashford & Burmeister, Prescott.

FRESH milk cow, with heifer calf, for sale cheap. Apply to S. A. LUGAN, West Prescott.

Plaza Livery Stable!

B. F. SLOAN, Proprietor.

NOTWITHSTANDING the effect of the recent fire, I am still in business at the old stand.

Single and Double Buggies for Hire.

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## CORNER DRUG STORE

W. W. ROSS!

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery

Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Trusses, SUPPORTERS, TOILET ARTICLES, ETC., ETC.

MY PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT is complete. Agent for Dr. Fisherman's Alkaline Lotion, for Horses and Cattle.

We Advertise!!!

Because we have many good and some new things, and want you to know it, at the

THE MOUNTAIN CITY

DRUG STORE.

Quality and general "dependability" of all goods leaving our house is the first consideration. We also give our friends the benefit of

Moderate Prices!

ROBINSON & BRISLEY.

PRICES REDUCED!!

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FEED YARD.

Good Camp House for the Accommodation of Travelers.

The O. K. STORE

Keeps a full supply of

General Merchandise

which is being sold at Bottom Prices.

Men's Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Staple and Fancy Groceries.

A large and fresh supply Always on Hand.

JOSEPH DOUGHERTY, Proprietor.

JEROME

STAGE LINE!

The undersigned having purchased the stage line formerly owned by Hall & Austin, will hereafter

Run Daily Stages!!

(Except Sundays)

Between Prescott and Jerome

Leaves Prescott at 8 a. m. Arrive at 5 p. m.

SUMMERS & REIFEL, - PROP'RS.

MERRITT & BRUCE, AGENTS, Prescott.

The Western Elder's Book

Old and New Testaments, with

PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT

## A. P. SMITH &amp; C.

HOTEL BURKE BLOCK, Montezuma St., PRESCOTT.

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Furnishing GOODS

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

Books, Stationery, Fine Goods, Etc., Etc.

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Sampling Works,

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Copper, Silver, Lead and Gold

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PURCHASED IN ANY QUANTITY